



	Reception	eception Year 1				Year 2			
Term			Autumn	Spring	Summer	Autumn	Spring	Summer	
Торіс	Statements for reception: Autumn/Spring	Early learning goals: Summer focus	All about me Once upon a time	Dragons Trees and Seasons	All creatures great and small Journeys – near and far	Homes and Habitats Sparkle and Shine	Weird Worlds and wild weather Sowing and Growing	Superheroes The Seven Seas	
Reading: Applying phonics (all taught through RWI teaching progression)	Literacy Read individual letters by saying sounds for them. Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of know letter-sound correspondences. Read some letter groups that each represent on sound and say sounds for them. Read a few common exception words matched to the	Literacy: word reading Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound blending Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.	Reading: Word readin -Apply phonic knowle words. -Respond speedily wi all 40+ phonemes, ind graphemes. -Read accurately by b containing GPCs that -Read common excep correspondences bet these occur in the wo -Read words containi er, and – est endings. -Read other words of taught GPCs. -Read words with cor understand that the a -Read aloud books co knowledge. -Re-read these books word reading.	edge and skills as the th the correct soun cluding, where app plending sounds in the have been taught. otion words, noting ween spelling and so ord (grotty grapher ng taught GPCs and more than one syl more than one syl htractions eg I'm, I'l apostrophe represe unsistent with their	d to graphemes foe licable, alternative unfamiliar words unusual sound and where hes) d –s, -es, -ing, -ed, - lable that contain II, we'll, and ents omitted letters developing phonic	Reading: Word reading         -Continue to apply phonic knowledge and skills as route to decode         words until automatic decoding has become embedded and reading is         fluent.         -Read accurately by blending sounds in words that contain the         graphemes taught so far, especially recognising alternative sounds for         graphemes.         -Read further common exception words, noting unusual         correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in         the word (grotty graphemes)         -Read accurately words of 2 or more syllables that contain the taught         GPCs.         -Read most words quickly and accurately without overt sounding and         blending, when they have been frequently encountered.         -Read aloud books closely matching to their improving phonic         knowledge, sounding out unfamiliar words accurately, automatically         and without undue hesitation.         -Re-read these books to build up their fluency and confidence in         reading.         -Read words containing common suffixes			
	school's phonics programme. Read simple phrases and sentence make up of words with known letter-sound correspondences and , where, necessary a few exception words		Autumn *Know when to use phonic knowledge to decode words *Read common words using phonic knowledge where possible *Read words of more than one syllable that	Spring *Know which parts of words can be decoded using phonics. *Blend sounds in unfamiliar words based on known GPCs. *Read words with familiar	Summer *Hear and recognise all 40+ phonemes *Match all 40+ graphemes to their phonemes (set 2/3 sounds RWI) *Identify all 40+ graphemes when reading	Autumn *Understand the importance of decoding words automatically *Understand some words cannot be decoded with phonic strategies.	Spring *Know the same grapheme may be read in different ways. *Recognise alternatives and consider which will make sense. *Recognise syllables in words.	Summer *Read words of two or more syllables accurately. *Read aloud books closely matched to improving phonic knowledge, sounding out unfamiliar words accurately, automatically and	





			contain taught GPCs. *Read phonically decodable texts.	endings (-s, ed, ing, es, er, est). *Read words which have the prefix –un added. *Read phonetically decobale texts with increased confidence. *Divide words into syllables eg pocket, rabbit, carrot, sunset (word time 1.6/1.7)	*Know that words have omitted letters and that an apostrophe represents the omitted letter *Find contractions in reading *Read words with contractions *Read compound words. Eg football, playground, farmyard, bedroom	*Use the graphemes taught to blend sounds *Know phonemes may be represented by different graphemes. *Know that familiar words do not need to be sounded out and blended. *Read familiar words automatically and accurately without sounding or blending.	*Know that breaking into syllables helps fluent decoding. *Know that other strategies can be used to read unfamiliar words. *Use other strategies to support fluent decoding.	without undue hesitation. *Read books confidently and fluently.	
Reading: Reading for pleasure	Communication and language: Learn new vocabulary Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them Engage in story times Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound	Literacy: comprehension Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary. Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role play.	Reading: Comprehension         Develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read and understanding by:         -       Listening to and discussion a wide range of poems, stories and non- fiction books at a level beyond that at which they can read independently         -       Being encourage to link what they read or hear read to their own experiences.         -       Becoming very familiar with key stories, fairy stories and traditional tales, retelling them and discussing characteristics.         -       Recognising and joining in with predictable phrases.         -       Learning to appreciate rhymes and poems and to recite some by heart.         -       Discussing words meanings and linking meanings to those already known.			<ul> <li><u>Reading: Comprehension</u></li> <li>Develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read and understanding by: <ul> <li>Listening to, discussing and expressing views about a range of contemporary and classic poetry, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently</li> <li>Discussing the sequence of events in books and how information is related.</li> <li>Becoming increasingly familiar with and retelling a wider range of stories, fairy tales and traditional texts.</li> <li>Recognising simple, recurring literary language in stories and poems</li> <li>Discuss their favourite words and phrases</li> <li>Continue to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart, appreciating these and reciting some with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear</li> <li>Being introduced to non-fiction books that are structure in different ways.</li> <li>Discussing and clarifying the meaning of words, linking new words to new meanings to known vocabulary.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			





	Learn rhymes, poems	Communication and	Autumn	Spring	Summer	Autumn	Spring	Summer	
	and songs	language: speaking	*Know there are	*Say what they	*Say whether they	*Know there are	*Explain why they	*Decide how useful	
		Participate in small	different kinds of	like/dislike	agree or disagree	different kinds of	prefer certain books or	a non-fiction book is	
	Engage in non-fiction	group, class and one to	books.	about a book.	with other's ideas.	stories.	stories.	to find the	
	books	one discussions,	*Know difference	*Say if a story	*Say why they	*Listen to or read a	*Retell stories with the	information needed.	
	DOORS	offering their own	between a story	reminds them	agreed or	range of different	events in the correct	*Find the setting or	
	Listen to and talk	ideas, using recently	book and	of another	disagreed with	kinds of stories.	sequence.	time in books and	
	about selected non	introduced vocabulary.	information.	story or	other's ideas or	*Make choices about	*Retell a story with key	stories.	
	fiction to develop a		*Find the title,	something they	ideas in a story	the books they read.	events and characters.	*Discuss the setting	
	deep familiarity with	Offer explanations for	author and	have	*Recognise	*Know that non-	*Know how to find	or time in books.	
	new knowledge and	why thing might	illustrator of a	experienced.	repeated or	fiction books are	information in a non-		
	vocabulary	happen, making use of	book.	*Listen to	patterned language	organised differently	fiction book.		
		recently introduced	*Know some	others ideas	in poems and	from fiction books.	*Identify the purpose		
		vocabulary from	familiar stories.	about a book.	rhymes I know.	*Know that books or	of a book.		
		stories, non-fiction,	*Recognise familiar	*Find familiar	*Know some	texts have a purpose	*Know that books and		
		rhymes and poems	story language.	story language	poems and rhymes		stories are set in		
		where appropriate.		in stories read	by heart.		different places and		
				to me or in			times		
				ones they have					
				read					
				*Retell key					
				stories orally					
				using narrative					
				language.					
				*Recognise					
				rhyming					
				language					
Reading:	Literacy:	Literacy:		Reading: Comprehension			Reading: Comprehension		
reading	Re-read these books	Anticipate (where	Understand both the books they can already read accurately			Understand both the books they can already read accurately and			
accurately with fluency	to build up their confidence in word	appropriate) key events	and fluently and those they listen to by:			fluently and those they listen to by: - Drawing on what they already know or on background			
and	reading, their fluency	in stories.	<ul> <li>Drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocab provided by the</li> </ul>			information and the vocab provided by the teacher.			
understanding	and their		background information and vocab provided by the teacher.			<ul> <li>Checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and</li> </ul>			
understanding	understanding and		<ul> <li>Checking that the text makes sense to them as they</li> </ul>			correcting inaccurate reading.			
	enjoyment.		<ul> <li>Checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading.</li> <li>Discussing the significance of the title and events.</li> <li>Making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done.</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>Making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done.</li> <li>Predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been</li> </ul>			
	cijoyinene.								
						read so far.			
			<ul> <li>Predicting what might happen on the basis of what</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>Answering and asking questions.</li> </ul>			
			has been re	• • • •					
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	in discussion abour ng turns and listenir	t what is read to ng to what others say.	<ul> <li>Participate in discussion about books, poems and other words that are read to them and those that they can read for</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>Explain cle</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Explain clearly their understanding of what is read</li> </ul>			themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say.			
to them.	to them.			- Explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and			
				other material, both those that they listen to and those that			
				they read for themselves			
<u>Autumn</u>	Spring	Summer	<u>Autumn</u>	Spring	Summer		
*Use picture clues	*Use prior	*Discuss the	*Know the purpose	*Self-correct to	*Know what		
to support	knowledge to	meaning of	of reading is to make	establish meaning.	inference (reading		
understanding	understand	unfamiliar words	meaning.	*Use prior knowledge	between the lines)		
*Use picture clues	texts.	with others.	*Know there is a	and reading	means.		
to deepen	*Identify	*Know that stories	range of decoding	experiences to	*Find inferences		
understanding.	familiar words	can have similar	strategies.	understand text.	about characters'		
*Identify	and ask about	patterns of events.	*Check the text read	*Use context to	feelings and		
characters in a	meaning.	*Make links to	makes sense.	understand the text.	thoughts.		
story.	*Use the	other stories.	*Re-read to establish	*Ask questions to	*Explain inferences		
*Recognise the	context to	*Make links with	meaning.	clarify understanding.	about characters'		
characters feelings.	make informed	characters in other		*Find the answers to	feelings and		
*Say why a	guesses about	stories.		retrieval questions.	thoughts.		
character has a	meaning of	*Answer retrieval		*Recognise the writer	*Give reasons for		
feeling.	unfamiliar	questions about a		can have a message for	characters' actions		
	words.	book.		the reader.	or behaviour.		
	*Make	*Use information		*Make predictions	*Recognise key ideas		
	predictions	from a story to		about possible events.	in a text		
	based on the	support their			*Explain a writer's		
	events in the	opinion.			message.		
	story.	*Understand that a			*Make predictions		
	*Give an	writer can leave			about how		
	opinion about	gaps for the reader			characters might		
	the character.	to fill.			behave.		
	*Know that	*Answer questions					
	stories can	which will fill gaps					
	have similar	in the story					
	characters.	(inference).					